of Hithe; and to have gone round that Point to the other fide, the distance must have been much greater. So that the Promontory spoken of by Dion, must needs be the South-Foreland, and Cefar must Anchor near over against Dover, from whence Sailing 8 Miles, he would double a Head-land and come to the Downs; which is such a Coast as he describes in one place by apertum ac planum littus, and in his 5th Book by molle ac apertum littus. As to Dion's word eig Ta Teva'yn, what I have already faid about it feems fufficient to prove that he means no more than the waters edge, and the Etymologists derive it from reyyw madefacio, because the wash and breach of the Sea does always keep it wet. this word me revays is used by Polybius for the Sea Ouse; and in another place he speaks of the difficulty of Landing at the mouth of a River dia & revaried n macedon, ob limosum accessum, so that it is not to be doubted that it ought to be rendred in this place, ad vadum maris rather than in paludibus. And so this objection against the affertion that Cefar Landed in the Downs, which is known to be a firm Champain Country without Fenns and Morasses, will be removed; and the whole Argument will 'tis hoped be admitted by the Curious.

## A Receit for the Curing of Castorium, according to the method us'd in Russia.

Ake the Beaver Stones and get the Milk out of them as clear as you can, then fet upon the Fire a Skillet or Kettle with water, big enough to contain the quantity of Stones you have to cure: let the water Boil, and put into it half a shovel full of clean Wood Ashes, then tie the Stones together in couples and put them into the water, and let them Boil therein for half a quarter of an Hour. Then take some Birch-Bark and lay it on

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the Fire, and let the Stones be well smoaked over it for the space of an hour, until they are well dried in the smoak; then hang them up in a Kitchen or in the Air for a week or more, until they are perfectly dry and hard, after which they may be pack'd up in a Cask or otherwise for Transportation. If there be more Stones than will conveniently go into the Skillet or Kettle, you may make another boiling of them, and add a proportion of fresh Ashes and order them as before.

Observations on the making of Cochineal, according to a Relation had from an Old Spaniard at Jamaica, who had lived many years in that part of the West-Indies where great quantities of that rich Commodity are yearly made.

HE Infect whereof it is made he confirms to be the same which we call the Lady-Bird, alias Cow-Lady, which he fays at first appears like a small blister or little knob upon the Leaves of the Shrub on which they breed, which afterwards by the heat of the Sun, become a live Infect as above, or finall Grub. Shrub is allowed by feveral Authors to be the same which we call the Prickle-Pear, or Indian Fig, having thick roundish Leaves that grow one out of another and full of sharp prickles. These Grubs in process of time becoming Flies like our Lady-Birds, as above, and being come to full Maturity, (which must be found out by experience in collecting them at feveral feafons) they Kill by making a great fmother of fome combustible matter, to Windward of the shrubs whereon the Insects are feeding, (having before spread some Cloaths all under the Plants) whereby all the Infects being Smother'd and Kill'd, by shaking the Plants will tumble down upon the Cloths. Thus they are gathered in great quantities